This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings of claims in the application.

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In the Claims:

- (currently amended) A method for increasing Agrobacterium transformation efficiency in a host plant, said method comprising:
- a. increasing histone levels in the host plant compared to normal levels of histone in the host plant by expressing a histone gene;
 - b. transforming the host plant with Agrobacterium; and.
 - c. increasing the transformation efficiency of the host plant.
- 2. (original) The method of claim 1, wherein the histone is an H2A histone.
- (original) The method of claim 2 wherein the H2A histone is encoded by Arabidopsis RAT5.
- (original) The method of claim 1 wherein transformation frequencies are measured by the number of tumors produced in the host plant.
- 5. (original) The method of claim 2, wherein the H2A histone is H2A-1.
- (withdrawn) A plant cell with an overexpression of plant histones sufficient to increase efficiency of transformation of the plant cell by Agrobacterium.
- (withdrawn) The plant cell of claim 6 wherein the plant histones are of the H2A histone family.
- (withdrawn) The plant cell of claim 7 wherein an H2A histone is encoded by *Arabidopsis RAT5*.
- (previously presented) A method of increasing Agrobacterium transformation efficiency in a host plant, the method comprising:
 - introducing at least one copy of a polynucleotide sequence encoding a plant histone protein to the host plant;
 - (b) selecting a host plant expressing the polynucleotide sequence encoding a plant histone protein;
 - transforming the host plant expressing the polynucleotide sequence encoding a plant histone protein with a DNA molecule of interest using Agrobacterium; and

(d)

- increasing the transformation efficiency of the host plant.
- 10. (original) The method of claim 9, wherein the host plant is a monocot plant.
- 11. (original) The method of claim 10, wherein the monocot plant is maize.
- (original) The method of claim 9, wherein the polynucleotide sequence encoding a
 plant histone protein is a member of an H2A gene family of Arabidonsis.

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- (original) The method of claim 12, wherein the member of the H2A gene family of Arabidopsis is RAT5.
- 14. (previously presented) The method of claim 10 further comprising adding L-cysteine at a concentration about between 100 mg/L and 400 mg/L to media used in cultivating the host plant, wherein the host plant is monocot.
- (withdrawn) A transgenic plant comprising at least one additional copy of a
 polynucleotide sequence encoding a plant histone H2A protein.
- (previously presented) A method for increasing stable Agrobacterium transformation efficiency in a monocot host plant, the method comprising:
- introducing a nucleic acid sequence encoding a plant histone H2A into a host plant;
 - (b) selecting a host plant material expressing the plant histone H2A protein;
- (c) infecting the host plant material with a DNA molecule of interest by infection with an Aerobacterium strain:
- (d) providing at least one antioxidant in a cocultivation medium, wherein the antioxidant is L-cysteine at a concentration about between 100 mg/L and 400 mg/L of cocultivation media;
- (e) selecting the infected material for transformants expressing the DNA molecule of interest; and
 - (f) increasing the transformation efficiency in the monocot plant.
- 17. (original) The method of claim 16, wherein the monocot plant is maize.
- 18. (canceled).
- 19. (canceled).
- (original) The method of claim 16, wherein the infecting of the host plant in the cocultivation medium is for about 3 days.

- (previously presented) The method of claim 16 wherein the host plant material is an embryo.
- (withdrawn) A genetic construct comprising at least one copy of a histone gene that when expressed is capable of increasing transformation frequencies in a host plant.
- (withdrawn) The genetic construct of claim 22, wherein the histone gene is H2A.
- 24. (withdrawn) A host cell transformed by at least one copy of a gene involved in T-cell integration wherein the gene is capable of effecting overexpression of histone to enhance plant transformation frequencies.
- (withdrawn) The host cell of claim 24, wherein the gene is the RAT5 gene of Arabidopsis.